

# Nursery Curriculum Overview (Cycle A)

A progressive curriculum that covers essential knowledge, understanding and skills to ensure children make progress in their learning.



o Consideration has been given to the knowledge and understanding that children will need to confidently carry out key skills key to their overall development through nursery, reception and beyond. o Children will be guided by the Effective Characteristics of Effective Teaching and Learning and the 15 Experts of Learning (See page). Although the long-term plan covers all the statutory areas of learning, Academies have ensured they have tailored their curriculum to meet the needs of the current cohort, taking into consideration the school context, priorities and data. o The immediate community is also considered and merged into the long-term plans. o The curriculum will be delivered through overarching themes personal to each Academy. o Teaching and Learning will be driven by assessments and next steps. o Priorities identified for each Academy can be found under the heading, "Learning Priorities", at the start of each are of learning. The consolidation of new learning, (Knowledge, Understanding and Skills) will be through revisiting and the continuous and enhanced provision.

### CHARACTERISTICS OF EFFECTIVE LEARNING:

# Playing and Exploring (engagement)

### Finding out and exploring:

- Showing curiosity about objects, events and people
- Using senses to explore the world around them
- Engaging in open-ended activity
- Showing particular interests

### Playing with what they know:

- Pretending objects are things from their experience
- o Representing their experiences in play
- o Taking on a role in their play
- o Acting out experiences with other people

### Being willing to 'have a go':

- Initiating activities
- o Seeking challenge
- o Showing a 'can do' attitude
- Taking a risk, engaging in new experiences, and learning by trial and error

## Active Learning (motivation)

### Being involved and concentrating:

- Maintaining focus on their activity for a period of time
- o Showing high levels of energy, fascination
- Not easily distracted
- Paying attention to details

### Keeping on trying:

- Persisting with activity when challenges occur
- Showing a belief more effort or a different approach will pay off
- o Bouncing back after difficulties

### Enjoying achieving what they set out to do:

- Showing satisfaction in meeting their own goals
- Being proud of how they accomplished something – not just the end result
- Enjoying meeting challenges for their own sake rather than external rewards or praise

# Creating and Thinking Critically (thinking)

### Having their own ideas:

- Thinking of ideas
- o Finding ways to solve problems
- o Finding new ways to do things

### Making links:

- Making links and noticing patterns in their experience
- Making predictions
- o Testing their ideas
- Developing ideas of grouping, sequences, cause and effect

### Choosing ways to do things:

- Planning, making decisions and how to approach a task, solve a problem and reach a goal
- o Checking how well their activities are going
- o Changing strategy as needed
- o Reviewing how well the approach worked

**Experts of Learning-** Our aim is to ensure we develop the knowledge and skills children need to become the following experts before the end of Reception

To become a

# Confident Communicator

who can listen carefully in different situations, hold a conversation with friends and adults, ask relevant questions and use new vocabulary to explain ideas and feelings. To become an

### Independent Individual

who can follow our school rules, set simple goals and persevere to achieve them, select resources, manage their own personal needs and know how to stay fit and healthy To become a

### **Fantastic Friend**

who can be kind, caring and helpful, show empathy and respect to others, work and play co-operatively whilst considering others' ideas and feelings.

To become an

### **Amazing Athlete**

who can show strength, balance and co-ordination when playing, move confidently and safely in a variety of different ways and use a range of equipment.

To become a

### **Talented Tool User**

who can hold a pencil effectively, use a range of tools (e.g. scissors, cutlery, paintbrushes, tweezers, hammer, screwdrivers) safely and with confidence.

To become a

### **Brilliant Bookworm**

who can show a love for reading, use new vocabulary to talk about what they have read or has been read to them, read words and simple sentences (using single sounds and digraphs they have learnt)

To become a

### **Wow Writer**

who can write with a purpose, write letters that are formed correctly, write words and simple sentences (using single sounds and digraphs they have learnt) that can be read by others.

To become a

### **Master of Maths**

who can show a deep understanding of numbers to 10, recognise patterns within the number system, subitise, compare quantities and recall number bonds to 5. To become a

# Compassionate Citizen

who can show curiosity about the world around them, understand how to read and draw a simple map, understand some similarities and differences between place To become an

### **Exceptional Explorer**

who can help to look after their community and care for the environment, know some reasons why our community is special and have an awareness of other people's cultures and beliefs.

To become a

### **Super Scientist**

who can use their senses to observe and explore changes in the natural world and begin to use early scientific language to make predictions and ask questions To become a

### **Heroic Historian**

who can reflect on their own experiences, use stories and artefacts to understand some differences between times and recognise some famous individuals To become a

### **Proud Performer**

who can perform a song, poem or dance to an audience, retell stories with expression and confidence, play a range of percussion instruments correctly and with good rhythm.

To become a

### **Dynamic Designer**

who can choose and safely use the resources they need to make their creations, talk about what they have made and how they have made it.

To become a

### **Budding Baker**

who can showcase their culinary skills through cooking and baking, builds a knowledge of food and healthy choices, observes changes.

# **Nursery Curriculum Cycle A**

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Overarching Themes	Getting to know you	On the farm	Lets go on a journey	What makes a good pet?	Splish Splash	Growing and Changing
Quality text:	Elmer Five minutes peace Rainbow fish Colour Monster	Farmer duck What the ladybird heard Old Macdonald A squash and a Squeeze On the Farm Three little pigs Little Red Hen Look what I found on the farm	The train ride Going on a bear hunt Duck in a Truck	The tiger who came to tea  Monkey puzzle Dear zoo Hairy Maclary from Donaldson dairy The bad-tempered ladybird Super worm The great pet sale Zog	Billy's bucket Polar bear polar bear what do you hear? Tiddler	Jack and the Beanstalk The hungry caterpillar Lulu's first day
Trips/Visitors Enrichments						
Celebrations / Festivals / Special Events	Black History Month Rosh Hashanah (2nd - 4th) World Space Week (4th - 10th) Harvest Festival (6th) Yom Kippur (11th - 12th) Sukkot (16th - 23rd) Halloween (31st)	Diwali (1st) Bonfire Night (5th) Remembrance Day (11th) World Nursery Rhyme Week (11th - 15th) Anti-Bullying Week (11th - 15th) St. Andrew's Day (30th)	Epiphany (6th) Burns Night (25th) Chinese New Year/Lunar New Year (29th) National Storytelling Week (30th Jan - 6th February) Valentine's Day (14th)	LGBT+ History Month Children's Mental Health Week (3rd - 9th) Safer Internet Day (11th) Ramadan (28th Feb - 30th Mar) Easter Sunday (20th)	St. George's Day (23rd)	Father's Day (15th) Eid-Al-Adha (6th - 10th)

# **Nursery Curriculum Cycle B**

Area	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Overarching Theme	Getting to know you	On the Farm	Out of this world	Whos egg is this?	Seaside Days	Superheroes
Quality text:	Elmer Five minutes peace Rainbow fish	Farmer duck What the ladybird heard Old Macdonald A squash and a Squeeze On the Farm Three little pigs Little Red Hen Look what I found on the farm	Aliens love underpants Whatever next Smeeds and the Smoos	Meet the dinosaurs Dinosaur romp Easter Story The ugly duckling The odd egg	Sharing a shell Night pirates Lighthouse keepers' lunch Snail and the whale Singing mermaid	What's my Super power Super Tato Ten little superheroes Zog and the flying doctors
Trips/Visitors Enrichments						
Celebrations / Festivals / Special Events	(4th - 10th) Harvest Festival (6th) Yom Kippur (11th -	Diwali (1st) Bonfire Night (5th) Remembrance Day (11th) World Nursery Rhyme Week (11th - 15th) Anti-Bullying Week (11th - 15th) St. Andrew's Day (30th)	Epiphany (6th) Burns Night (25th) Chinese New Year/Lunar New Year (29th) National Storytelling Week (30th Jan - 6th February) Valentine's Day (14th)	LGBT+ History Month Children's Mental Health Week (3rd - 9th) Safer Internet Day (11th) Ramadan (28th Feb - 30th Mar) Easter Sunday (20th)	St. George's Day (23rd)	Father's Day (15th) Eid-Al-Adha (6th - 10th)

### COMMUNICATION & LANGUAGE:

The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

Spring

# Learning Priorities at WPA

LA&U is always a focus for our nursery.

Children come into the nursery, well below where they should be.

### Listening, Attention and Understanding

# To become a Confident Communicator

children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their understanding and knowledge...

### To enjoy listening to short stories.

Autumn

- To be able to remember one thing that happens in a story.
- To know how to listen to a daily story.
- To know how to share books throughout the day.

# To be able to pay attention to more than one thing at a time.

- To know how to switch my attention from what I am doing to what you are saying.
- To be able to listen to simple instruction.

### To know a range of vocabulary.

- To be able to listen to vocabulary within the provision and carpet time
- To be able to copy new vocabulary modeled by an adult
- To understand some new vocabulary
- To understand words and concepts which occur frequently within provision and carpet time.

### To enjoy listening to longer stories

- To be able to remember more than one thing that happens in a story.
- To be able to listen to a daily story time
- To be able to share any book throughout the day.

# To be able to understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as "Get your coat and wait at the door".

- To understand what a question is
- To be able to follow two-part instructions.

### To know and understand a wider range of vocabulary.

- To be able to use new vocabulary in the environment
- To be able to use picture books to help learn new vocabulary and more complex forms of language

### To eniov listening to longer stories.

Summer

- To be able to remember much of what happens in a story.
- To be able to listen to a daily story time with increased attention
- To be able to share favourite books throughout the day.

# To be able to understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?"

- To know the meaning of why
- To be able to answer "Why", questions about what they are doing in the provision or about a story.
- To be able to answer "why", questions about things around them.

# To be able to confidently use a wider range of vocabulary.

- o To be able to extend vocabulary, explaining unfamiliar words and concepts.
- To be able to begin to use more complex vocabulary in talk. i.e Examples from 'The Gruffalo' include: 'stroll', 'roasted', 'knobbly', 'wart' and 'feast'.

### **Speaking**

# To become a Confident Communicator

children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding...

### To begin to sing a song within nursery.

- o To be able to listen to a simple song
- To be able to join in with a simple song.

### To know some rhymes.

- To be able to listen to rhymes
- o To be able to join in with rhymes.

### To be able to talk about familiar books.

- To know what a book is
- To understand how we hold a book
- To be able to comment when looking at the pictures in a book.
- To be able to engage with a book when shown.

### To begin to talk about an event

o To be able to say what I did.

# To be able to know, how to use talk to organize myself: "Let's go on a bus...

- To know how to talk out loud.
- To know how to link words to my actions.

# To be able to sing a selection of common songs.

- To be able to join in with a larger range of songs
- To be able to sing several familiar songs

### To know many rhymes.

- To be able to join in with a larger range of rhymes.
- o To be able to sing several familiar rhymes

### To be able to tell someone more about familiar books.

- To know what a book is and how to handle it
- To be able to comment on books read in the provision.
- To be able to tell someone what happens in a familiar book

### To be able to talk about an event.

To be able to say what happened/who I went with etc.

### To be able to use talk to organize myself and my play: "Let's go on a bus... you sit there... I'll be the driver."

- To understand my surroundings
- To understand and develop my words linked to actions.

# To be able to confidently sing a range of songs.

- To be able to learn new songs
- To be able to confidently sing a large repertoire of songs.

### To know a wide range of rhymes.

- o To be able to learn new rhymes.
- To be able to confidently sing a large repertoire of rhymes.

### To be able to confidently talk about familiar books.

- To know what happens in a familiar book
- To tell someone what happened in a familiar book
- To talk about key events

### To be able to confidently talk about a past event in detail.

 To be able to recall something I have done/happened and explain to others

# To be able to have a simple conversation with others in my play

- To be able to say what I am going to do
- To be able to listen to others respond.

### **PSED**

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

confidence.  Learning Priority for WPA	Children come into nursery with little PSED skills It is always a focus area as we start the school y Children normally excel in this area due to early	rear.	
Area	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Self-Regulation  To become an Independent Individual & a Fantastic Friend, children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding	To know how to talk about my feelings and use words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'  To know how I feel To know what makes me feel this way  To be able to begin to know how others might be feeling. To know happy and sad To know when someone is excited. To know that everyone has these feelings	To understand and talk about my feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'  To understand I have lots of feelings  To understand what makes me feel this way and how \I could change how I feel  To understand how others might be feeling.  To understand how others are feeling and what might make them feel that way  To understand how feelings change	To be able to confidently talk with friends about how I might be feeling.  To be able to confidently identify different feelings  To be able to confidently identify causes  To be able to understand and say how others might be feeling.  To be able to confidently identify feelings of others  To be able to confidently describe their feelings  To be able to talk to others about their feelings.
Managing Self  To become an Independent Individual & a Fantastic Friend children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding	To know that we follow rules.  To know what a rule is To know the class rules  To know my sense of responsibility and membership of a community. To know my class is a group To know I play with a group of friends	To understand how we follow the rules and why they are important.  To understand why we have rules  To understand the class rules and know when I am following them  To understand how to work as a team  To understand what a team is  To understand how to work as a team	To be able to follow the rules without needing an adult to remind them  To be able to explain why we need rules  To be able to know when I'm following the rules.  To be able to follow the rules without reminders  I can select and use activities and resources, with help when working as a team.  To be able to problem solve  To be able to join in with others.
Building Relationships	To be able to become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting.	To understand how to be confident in new social situations.  o To be able to be confident at circle time o To be able to be confident to try new	To be able to play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas.

To become an Independent Individual & a Fantastic Friend children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding	<ul> <li>To know how to play with one or more other children.</li> <li>To know how to play</li> <li>To know how to play</li> <li>To know how to share</li> <li>To know how to communicate with others during play</li> </ul>	To understand how to play with one or more other children and begin to extend and elaborate play ideas.  To understand how to keep play going, through communication To be able to extend my ideas To be able to wait for a turn	<ul> <li>To be able to be confident to be more outgoing</li> <li>To be able to confidently find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas.</li> <li>To be able to share with other children</li> <li>To be able to offer other solutions</li> <li>To be able to play positively</li> </ul>
			o To be able to play positively

### PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT:

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practise of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

Learning Priority for WPA	<ul> <li>Fine motor skills will be a focus and will be provided throughout the enhanced provision.</li> <li>Dough Disco and Funky Fingers activities will be carried out daily.</li> <li>Children will develop their proficiency, control and confidence.</li> </ul>					
Area	Autumn	Spring	Summer			
Gross Motor Skills  To become an Amazing Athlete & a Talented Tool User children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their	To know how to develop my movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills.  To know how to balance To know what a bike and scooter are To be able to experiment using bikes and scooters To experiment playing with different sized balls	To understand how to develop m y movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills.  o To understand about balance and balancing o To understand how to make the scooter/ bike move o To understand how to catch and throw	To be able to confidently move, balance ride (scooters, trikes and bikes) and have good ball skills.  To be able to confidently ride a scooter and or bike  To be able to confidently catch and throw a ball  To confidently balance on equipment			
knowledge and understanding	To know how to go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet.   To know how we go up	To understand how and why we go upstairs/climb up apparatus, using alternate feet.  o To understand how we use our hands and feet to go up and climb apparatus	To be able to go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet.  o To be able to confidently climb			

- steps and stairs
- To know how to climb apparatus
- To know how to skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues.
- To know how to use large muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks with some control
- To know how to use our arms to wave a flag and streamers
- To be able to make marks with crayons/paint
- To know that I need to be independent as I get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips.
- To understand why we need to aet dressed and undressed
- To know that we need to be able to dress and undress ourselves
- To be able to increase independence in meeting my own care needs, e.g. using the toilet, washing and drying my hands.
- To be able to develop healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing.
  - To know and be able to discuss healthy choices during snacks times where only fruit is available

- To understand why we need to go up/climb
- To understand how to skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues.
- To understand how to use large muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks with control.
- To be able to develop confidence when using our arms
- To be able to develop confidence when making marks.
- To understand how to get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips.
- To know how to do buttons and zips
- To be able to independently have a go at dressing/undressing
- To be able to increase independence in meeting my own care needs, e.g. using the toilet, washing and drying my hands.
- To be able to develop healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing.
- To know and be able to discuss healthy choices during snacks times where only fruit is available.
- To be able to take part in some group activities which I make up for myself or in teams.
- To know and understand how to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music and rhythm.
- To dance to music.

- To be able to develop my skills of skipping hopping and standing on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues.
- To be able to use large muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks with good control.
- To be able to confidently move
- To be able to confidently make marks.
- To be able to how to get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing up zips.
- o To know how to do buttons and zips
- To be able to independently dress/undress

- To be able to constantly meet my own care needs, e.g. brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying my hands thoroughly.
- To be able to confidently make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing.
- To know the importance of eating healthily and teeth brushing
- To be able to talk about the importance of washing hands carefully and when.
- To be able to choose the right resources to carry out my own plan.

		o To copy moves to music	To be able to collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow blocks.  To be able to work with others to help me achieve my aims.
Fine Motor Skills  To become an Amazing Athlete & a Talented Tool	To know how to use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.  To identify scissors To know why we use scissors To know when it is suitable to use scissors for a job	To understand how to use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.  o To be able to maneuver scissors to cut paper  o To be able to independently select tools for different jobs.	To be able to use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.  o To be able to maneuver scissors to cut paper o To be able to independently select tools for different jobs.
& a Talented Tool User children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding	To know how to experiment to find a preference for a dominant hand.	To know how to use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.  To understand and show their preference for a dominant hand.  To know how to eat independently and learn how to use a knife and fork.  Understand how to use a fork  Understand how to use a knife together	Able to independently use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.  To be able to confidently show a preference for a dominant hand.

	LITERACY:   Reading - Comprehension   Reading - Word Reading   Writing								
(necessary for both	It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction)								
			th the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar						
			ng and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and						
	speech, before writing).	a. Fa	g (						
Learning		inues to be a focus for this academic year.							
Priorities for		1, shared reading or modeled reading as they progre	ss through the year.						
WPA	<ul> <li>We will also provide children with</li> </ul>	th a library book to share at home to develop the love	of reading						
Area	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	Summer						
Reading-	To start understanding the five	To understand the five key concepts about	To develop phonological awareness, so I am able to:						
Comprehension	key concepts about print:	print:	<ul> <li>spot and suggest rhymes</li> </ul>						
& Word	<ul> <li>print has meaning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>print has meaning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>count or clap syllables in a word</li> </ul>						
Reading	<ul> <li>print can have different</li> </ul>	o print can have different purposes	o recognize words with the same initial sound, such						
_	purposes	we read English text from left to right and     from ten to better.	as money and mother						
To become a	<ul> <li>we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom</li> </ul>	from top to bottom  o the names of the different parts of a book							
Brilliant Bookworm	to right and from top to bottom  the names of the different	<ul><li>the names of the different parts of a book</li><li>page sequencing</li></ul>							
& a Wow Writer	parts of a book								
children will use their newly learnt	o page sequencing	•							
skills to demonstrate	page sequenting								
their knowledge and									
understanding									
NA 141									
Writing-			with EYFS staff, using the non-statutory Development						
To become a  Brilliant Bookworm		utory Birth to 5 Matters document, BSquare'd stateme							
& a Wow Writer	development, as well as pencil d	develop at different rates and these statements shoul	d be viewed alongside gross motor and fine motor						
children will use	To watch an adult make	o To see mark making in the environment	To copy the pattern of an adult's writing using						
their newly learnt	marks.	10 See mark making in the environment	o To copy the pattern of an adult's writing using lines, shapes or symbols.						
skills to demonstrate	marks.		<ul> <li>To imitate the flow of writing from left to right.</li> </ul>						
their knowledge and			o To initiate the new of whaling from lott to right.						
understanding									
Imitating									
Sensory	To explore mark making in a	To make marks in different media with	To make purposeful marks and patterns with a						
exploration	sensory way e.g. marks in	hands or tools.	range of materials.						
276.0.000	sand.								

Using tools	differ and s outside pave o To kr tool to To ur a too	eve access to a range of cent mark making tools urfaces inside and de e.g. chalks on ment, pen on paper. How how to choose a pomake a mark. Inderstand that I can use to make a mark (cause offect).	<ul> <li>To use a different range of writing tools such as crayons, brushes, pens and pencils to create marks on different surfaces.</li> <li>To use different mark making tools with increasing control.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>To increasingly use a pincer grip to hold mark making tools, using them with control.</li> </ul>	
Giving meaning	o Make no aso o Make ascrib	random scribbles with ribed meaning. marks and sometimes e meaning although the ng may change.	make in pain  o Give meaning  o Draw a pictur  o Give meaning	ive meaning to marks I t, pen, etc. g to my marks. e then add a mark which g to e.g. 'that's my ays mummy'.	Ascribe meaning to m remains the same.	ny marks and the meaning
Shape of writing		<ul> <li>Make marks of different shapes and patterns.</li> <li>Use these shapes and lines to create pictures e.g. face, person.</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Use a combination of marks to write letters in my name.</li> <li>Write some letters in my name.</li> <li>Beginning to form the capital letter in my name.</li> <li>Form some letters in my name correctly.</li> <li>Attempt to write other letters e.g. 'm' for 'mummy'.</li> </ul>		
Purposeful writing  Show enjoyment in mark- making.  Know my mark making is valued.		<ul> <li>Make marks in my play.</li> <li>Make messages for others.</li> </ul>		•	', 'cards', 'invitations' etc.	
Random scribbling	g Line	s and circles	Pictures	Scribble writing	Symbols representing writing  O  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P  P	Letters & name writing

MATHEMATICS:	MATHEMATICS:   Numerical Pattern   Number						
			building blocks to excel mathematically. Children shou and the patterns within those numbers. By providing fre				
opportunities to build	d and apply this understan	ding - such as using manipulatives, including sma	all pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - ch	ildren will develop a			
			on, it is important that the curriculum includes rich oppo d measures. It is important that children develop positi				
interests in mathematical mistakes.	atics, look for patterns and	relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk	to adults and peers about what they notice and not be	afraid to make			
	Mathematics continues to be one of our stronger areas and is evident in the data						
Learning							
Priorities for		be adapting out teaching of math's to involve mor	re practical activities				
WPA	○ vve take any opp	ortunity to count throughout the school day					
Area	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	<u>Summer</u>				
Number	<ul> <li>The number L7</li> </ul>	P, was created using the non-statutory Deve	elopment Matters document, the non-statutory Birt	h to 5 Matters			
	document, the Master the Curriculum Document, White Rose guidance and the NCETM progression documents.						
	• Each block links to a Sequence of Learning – the number of days each unit take is flexible to the children's needs, but all children should work						
	together on the	same block with opportunity for scaffolding and	going deeper dependent on each child's progress thro	ugh the sequence.			
	<ul> <li>To become a N</li> </ul>	laster of Maths, children will use their newly	y learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and	understanding			

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Autumn 1	Block 1: Pattern - colours  Block 2: Comparison – objects, shape and size						Consolidation
			Baseline all new ch	ildren			
Autumn 2	Blocks 3: Cardinality and counting - Number 1	Block 4: Cardinalit Numb	and counting - Rlock 5: Pattern – AB and ABC			Consolidation	
Spring 1	Block 6: Cardinali Numb	•	Block 7: Cardinality and counting – Block 8: Cardinalit Number 4 – Numb			•	
Spring 2	Block 9: Cardinality and counting consolidation	Block 10: Cardinality and counting – Number 6	Block 11: Measures – length, mass, capacity  Consolidation				
Sum 1	Block 12: Measures – time	Block 13: Shape and space	Block 14: Comparison  Block 15: Measures – shape and space				

Sum 2	Block 16: Compo – numbers to	RIOCK 1 /	: Comparison – numbers to 5	Block 18: Counting and cardinality – numbers to 5	Block 19: Consolidation patterns	Block 20: Consolidation comparison	Week 8 Consolidation
Understar increases	nding the world ir their knowledge	volves guiding ch and sense of the	uildren to make sense of their ph world around them – from visitir	ysical world and th	neir community. The and museums to me	S1: R.E / Geog) □ Natural World (KS1: Geog e frequency and range of children's personal eeting important members of society such a ster their understanding of our culturally, so	Il experiences as police officers,
technolog Enriching	ically and ecolog	ically diverse wor ildren's vocabular		knowledge, this e prehension.	xtends their familiar	ity with words that support understanding a	
for WPA		<ul><li>Provide mo</li><li>Coverage for U</li></ul>	re opportunities to meet peop TW	le from the com	munity.	the terms, depending on the topic.	
		<ul><li>Teachers w</li><li>Please cove</li></ul>	ill ensure all the content has er your local area/community arning are linked to the Natior	been covered by and local History	the end of the ye	ar.	
Understathe World History Geograph Science	ld i	Key themes History: Chronological Ur Historical Enquir Knowledge and i	<i>-</i>				
who can he their comm for the envi some reaso community have an aw	e an  al Explorer  elp to look after nunity and care ironment, know ons why our y is special and vareness of le's cultures	Geography: Locational and plant plan	ace knowledge ical Is and field work their habitats				
who can sh about the v them, unde	e an onate Citizen now curiosity world around erstand how to raw a simple						

Block 18:

map, understand some similarities and differences between places

To become an Heroic Historian who can reflect on their own experiences, use stories and artefacts to understand some differences between times and recognise some famous individuals

### To become an Super Scientist....

who can use their senses to observe and explore changes in the natural world and begin to use early scientific language to make predictions and ask questions

.... children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding....

#### **HISTORY-Past and Present**

### Begin to make sense of my own life story and family history.

- To know my family and their names.
- To know what celebrations I celebrate
- To talk about photos.
- To understand and talk about events that have happened.

#### HISTORY -Past and Present

### Begin to make sense of my own life story and family history.

- To understand about starting something new
- o To understand how they grow over time
- To be able to say what things I like to do
- To be able to say what parents like to do.
- 0

### **GEOGRAPHY-People**, culture and Communities

### Begin to show interest in different occupations.

- To know about different occupations
- o To understand how they are different.

### **GEOGRAPHY-** People, culture and Communities

### Begin to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people.

- To understand about similarities and differences they notice between people, then families and communities.
- To be able to talk positively about appearances- skin colours and hair types.

#### SCIENCE -

### Use all my senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials

- o To know my 5 senses.
- ○To understand what I use them for

#### SCIENCE

Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties.

#### SCIENCE D&T

#### Begin to explore how things work.

- o To know how toys are different
- To understand the differences between now and years passed.
- To be able to Wind-up toys, use pulleys and sets of cogs with pegs and boards.

#### SCIENCE

### Begin to talk about the differences between materials and changes I notice.

- Children change materials from one state to another.
- o Leave water out with items in in the winter and watch them freeze- then how can we make the frozen water melt?
- Cooking- combining ingredients

#### **SCIENCE**

### Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice.

- o To understand how ice melts
- o To understand that different materials sink and float.

#### **GEOGRAPHY-People culture and communities**

# Understand that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.

- o To understand that people live in different countries
- To be able to talk about how some things are different

#### SCIENCE

### Explore and talk about different forces I can feel.

- oTo understand simple forces, like wind and pushing.
- To understand new vocabulary related to the exploration.

#### SCIENCE

#### Talk about what I see, using a wide vocabulary.

- To be able to make connections with the world around
- o To investigate.
- o To be able to ask questions

#### SCIENCE

### Plant seeds and care for growing plants.

- oTo know that plants grow
- oTo understand how they grow.

#### SCIENCE

### Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal.

To understand that plants and animals live and die

#### **SCIENCE**

### Understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things.

- o To be able to look after plants and animals.
- To know and use new vocabulary related to the animals in the environment.

the arts, enabling them to explore an developing their understanding, self-fundamental to their progress in intersection of the fundamental to the fundamen	is and cultural autoropose aupports the	native & Expressive (D&T)	drop have regular apportunities to angage with				
Learning Priority for WPA  Area  DT  Creating with Materials  To become an  Dynamic Designer  children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding  Tools  Tools  Colour  Draw  Colour  Draw  Colour  Colo	nd play with a wide range of media and	ir imagination and creativity. It is important that child I materials. The quality and variety of what children communicate through the arts. The frequency, repet ear, respond to and observe.	see, hear and participate in is crucial for				
Area  DT - Thr Creating with Materials - Exp - De To become an - Joi Dynamic Designer children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding  To do this,  Colour - To Draw - To Draw - To Draw - To Scissors - To me  Join - To  Collage - To	We aim to encourage all children in this area.						
DT Creating with Materials  To become an Dynamic Designer Children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding  To do this,  Todo this,  Todo this,  Todo this,  Todo this,  Colour  Draw  To Draw  To Draw  To Draw  To Colour  Draw  To Colour	viii motivate the boys more and not		Summer				
Creating with Materials  To become an Dynamic Designer Children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding  To do this,  Colour  Draw  To me  Join  Collage  To To  To  To  To  To  To  To  To  To	nree- Four Years- Should be able to	<u>opring</u>	<u> </u>				
Dynamic Designer children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding  To do this,  Todo this,  Todour  Colour  Draw  To  Draw  To  Colour	<ul> <li>Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park.</li> <li>Explore different materials freely to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make.</li> <li>Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them.</li> </ul>						
Tools  Scissors  Colour  Draw  Join  Sculpture  Collage  To  To  To  To  To  To  To  To  To  T	<ul> <li>Join different materials and explore different textures.</li> <li>Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects.</li> <li>Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details.</li> <li>Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.</li> <li>Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear etc.</li> <li>Explore colour and colour-mixing</li> </ul>						
Scissors  Colour  Colour  Draw  To  To  To  To  To  To  To  To  To  T	, children must know and understand a	and demonstrate the skills below:					
Colour  Colour  To To To To Circ To Me  Join  Collage  To	be able to hold a paintbrush/ inting tools in the palm of my hand.	o To be able to use thick brushes.	<ul> <li>To be able to use a thick brush and hold it correctly (Tripod grip)</li> </ul>				
Draw  To Collage  To To circ To me  To pie	b be able to hold scissors and open and close the blade	<ul> <li>To be able to make small snips into the paper</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be able to hold scissors in the correct position (Thumb on top)</li> </ul>				
Join circ  To me  Sculpture   Collage   To To	b be able to use pre-made paints be able to name most colours.	<ul> <li>To be able to experiment with mixing different colours</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be able to mix primary colours (red, yellow and blue)</li> </ul>				
Sculpture o To  Collage o To	be able to make marks by drawing cles and lines. be know my marks do not always give eaning.	<ul> <li>To be able to draw enclosed spaces using lines and give meaning.</li> <li>To be able to draw faces with basic features.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be able to draw potato people with no body or missing arms/legs.</li> <li>To be able to draw simple shapes for other objects.</li> </ul>				
Collage o To	b be able to use glue sticks to join eces.	To be able to use glue spatulas and PVA glue to join pieces	<ul> <li>To be able to join items using tapes -         Masking and Sellotape</li> <li>To be able to cut lengths needed.</li> </ul>				
	be able to explore the clay/ dough.	o To be able to explore clay/dough tools	<ul> <li>To be able to make something and give meaning to it.</li> </ul>				
(Materials) ma	be able to begin to select different aterials for my creation	To be able to stick materials on paper to create pictures and patterns	<ul> <li>To be able to create collages that includes all one texture, with larger pieces and gaps between</li> </ul>				

Being Imaginative & Expressive  To become a Proud Performer children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding	To be able to take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar.  To be able to respond to what I have heard, expressing my thoughts and feelings.  To be able to play, share and perform.	To be able to develop a story using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses etc.  To be able to negotiate roles in play and sort out conflicts.	To be able to make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park.

<u>Music - Overview</u>							
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
	Appraising:						
Theme  To become an Dynamic Designer children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding  To become a Proud Performer children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding	between different sounds e.g. bird of the different sounds of the different so	rgin to discriminate at environmental s, cars and wind etc. that instruments make entify instruments that to what I have heard, that and feelings. In the songs. It is a sound and a loud, don't like etc. aw and paint to music. It is what other children hirror what is observed, is and doing it	to sounds.  To be able to list develop awarer rhythm. (Body Founds) To be able to respond expressing my though able to remember and the control of the contr	emember patterns of sten to rhythm and to what I have heard, and feelings. To be sing entire songs. struments make and select an epresent feelings or se ribbons, streamers	to sounds.  To be able to not that the voice of story characters make your voice.  To be able to respond expressing their though Remember and sing endince as the content of the content o	to what I have heard, ghts and feelings. ntire songs. imply describe a song Loud/quiet lay instruments with rol to express my eas e.g. big bangs for ance and play the stage or in front of sten to a variety of	

To be able to play instruments with
increasing control to express their feelings
and ideas

- To be able to explore the different sounds instruments make
- To be able to choose the instrument they like
- To know, remember & sing familiar songs e.g. pop songs, Nursery rhymes.
- To be able to name my favourite rhyme/song.

### To be able to sing songs and rhymes

- To understand different melody and pitch
- o To be able to join in with a rhythmic retelling of a story e.g. The Bear Hunt.

## To be able to play with increasing control to express my feelings and ideas.

- To be able to experiment in playing instruments in different ways
- To know how to create and use sounds intentionally.
- To be able to tap out simple repeated rhythms.
- To be able to use sounds to accompany stories.
- To understand the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs.

# To be able to create my own songs, or improvise a song around one I know

- To be able to confidently understand different melody and pitch
- To be able to create my own version of songs or improvise a song around one I know e.g. Baby Cat (from Baby Shark).
- o To be able to clap syllables in words.

# To be able to play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.

- To be able to play untuned instruments
   "in time" to music
- To be able to stop and start at the right time.

Discovery RE- Overview							
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Theme	What makes people special?	What is Christmas?	What is Easter?	What can we learn from stories?	What makes places special?		
To become an  Compassionate Citizen  children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding		o Tal	Practices (What Talk about what I hat Compare the way of life  Understate (Making sense) Show interest in the life Enjoy joining in with Ounderstand read O  Reflecting iden (Making sense) (Making sense) Ounderstand read (Making sense) Ounderstand read Ounderstand	and lifestyles: people do) ave experienced or seen in p for different families around unding values: of right and wrong) ves of people who are familia n my family customs and rou sons why Mansfield is specia Make choices.  tity and experience: se of who we are) et hings that makes me unique ny friend and ways I am different ities and differences in relation and the world with different und the world with different ind teachings: expless themselves) about the differences between the community who visit the place that is special to me.	the world.  ar to me. tines. al.  ue. rent to my friend. on to my family. t ideas and beliefs to mine.  ry. s Diwali, bli and Eid.		

<u>Jigsaw- Overview</u>								
Term	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
Theme	Being me in my world	Celebrating differences	Dreams and Goals	Healthy me	Relationships	Changing me		
To become an Independent Individual & a Fantastic Friend children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding								

Phonics (The Learning Lady)- Overview							
	Listening and Attention Skills		Developing Phonological Awareness		Phonemic Awareness		
Term	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5	Step 6	
Theme  To become a  Brilliant Bookworm & a  Wow Writer  children will use their newly learnt skills to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding	Let's learn to make, match and copy everyday sounds.	Let's learn to make, match and copy lots of sounds with our voices and bodies.	Let's learn to break words into syllables by playing with rhythm.	Let's learn to break spoken words into chunks by hearing, copying and making rhymes.	Let's learn to hear similarities and differences in spoken sounds at the start of words.	Let's learn to hear and say separate sounds in words, ready for making and reading words when school starts.	

FIG-F	nd of	Reception	Expects	atione
ELG- E	illu ol	Reception	<b>二人りせい</b> は	ินเบบเว

& LANGUAGE	PSED	PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT	LITERACY	MATHEMATICS	UNDERSTANDING OF THE WORLD	EXPRESIVE ARTS & DESIGN
ELG: Listening, Attention and Understanding Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers  ELG: Speaking Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of	ELG: Self-Regulation Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.  ELG: Managing Self Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices. ELG: Building Relationships Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.	ELG: Gross Motor Skills  Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.  Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.  Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.  ELG: Fine Motor Skills  Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing — using the tripod grip in almost all cases.  Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery.  Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing	ELG: Comprehension  Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories.  Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.  ELG: Word Reading Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words. ELG: Writing  Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.  Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.	ELG: Number Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number; Subitise (recognize quantities without counting) up to 5; - Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. ELG: Numerical Patterns Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system; - Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity. Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.	ELG: Past and Present Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.  ELG: People, Culture and Communities Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and — when appropriate — maps.  ELG: The Natural World Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand some important processes	ELG: Creating with Materials Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; - Make use of props and materials when role-playing characters in narratives and stories.  ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs; Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and — when appropriate — try to move in time with music.

making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.

experiences and what has been read in class.
Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.